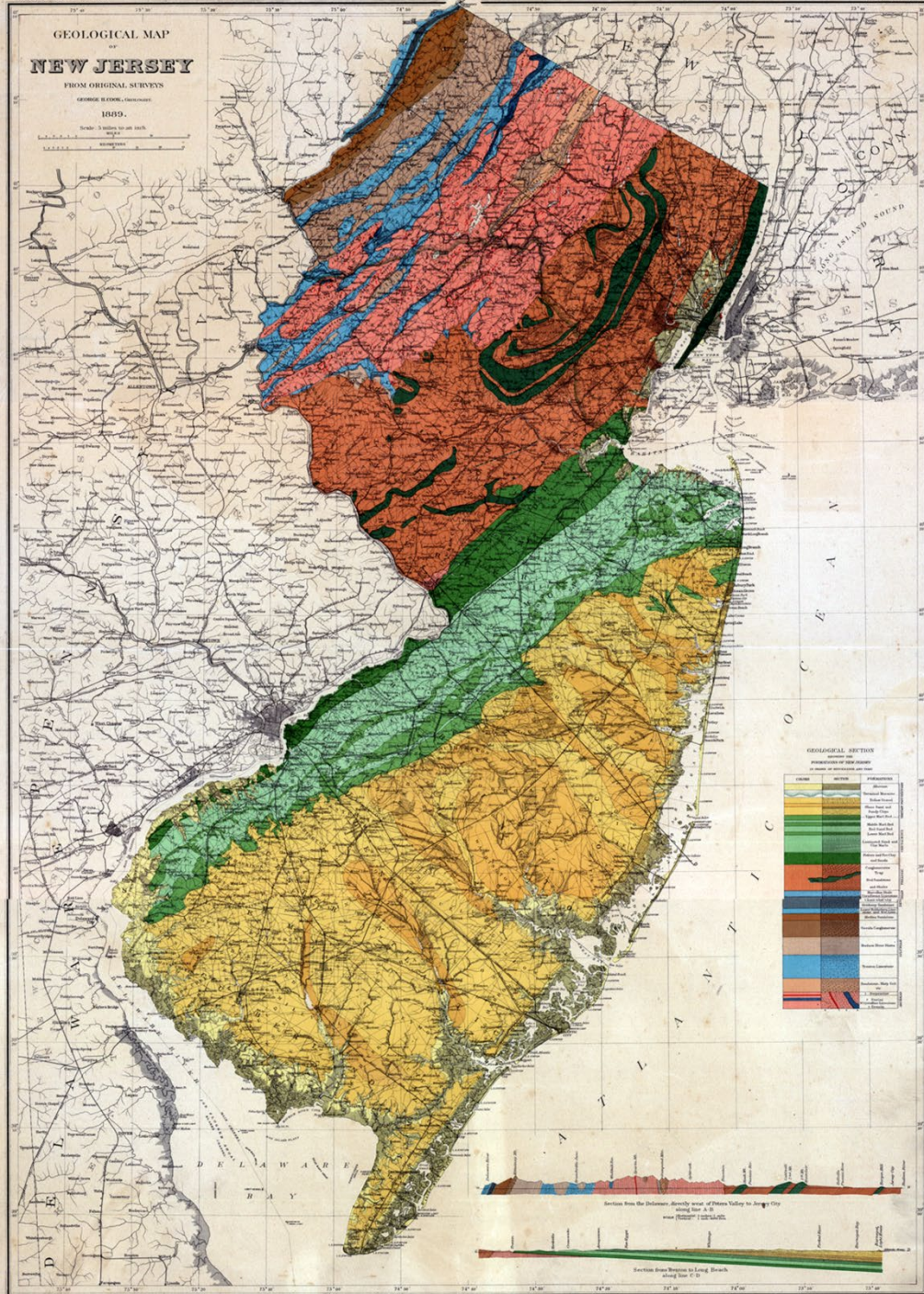


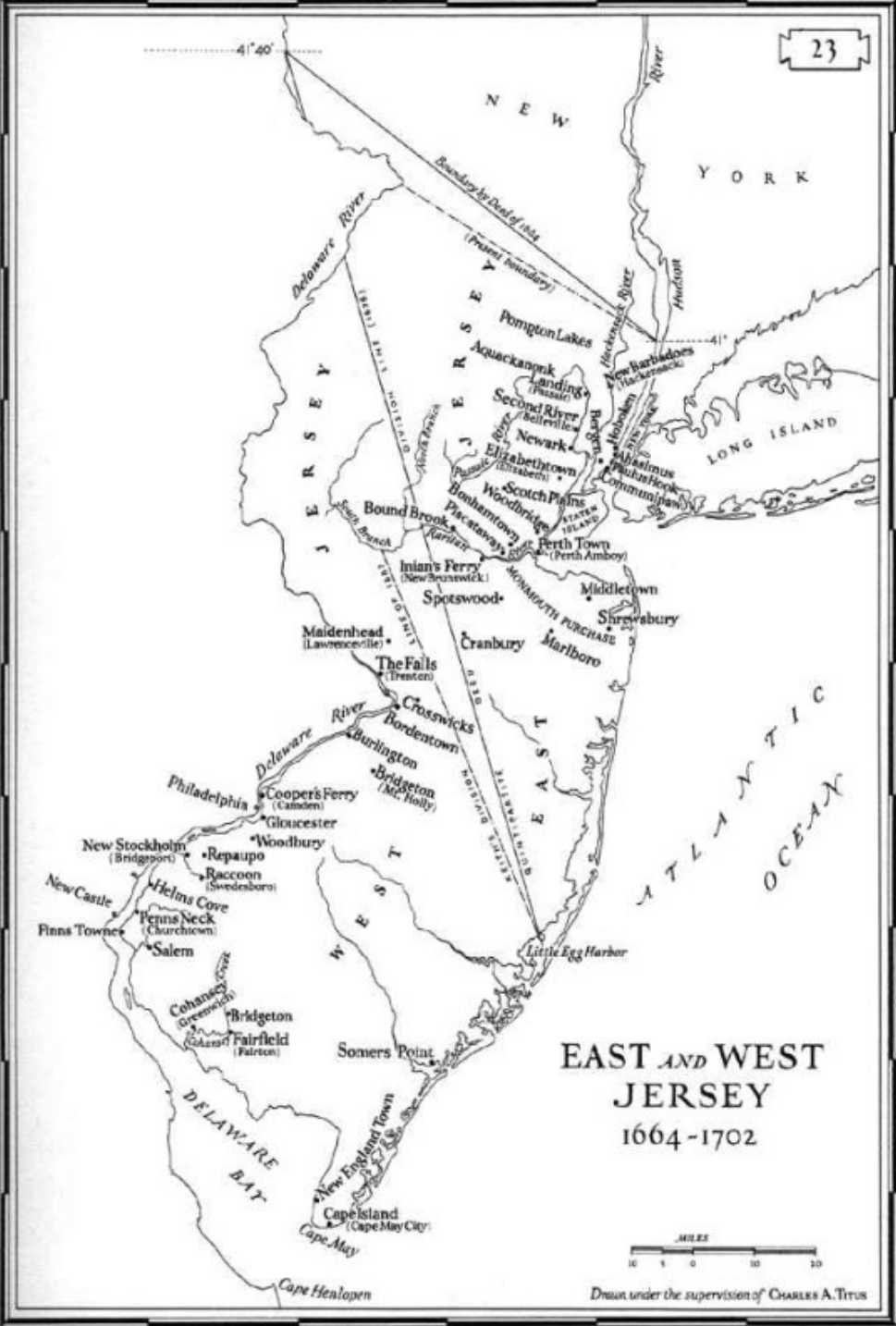
New Jersey History and African-American History, The Early Years

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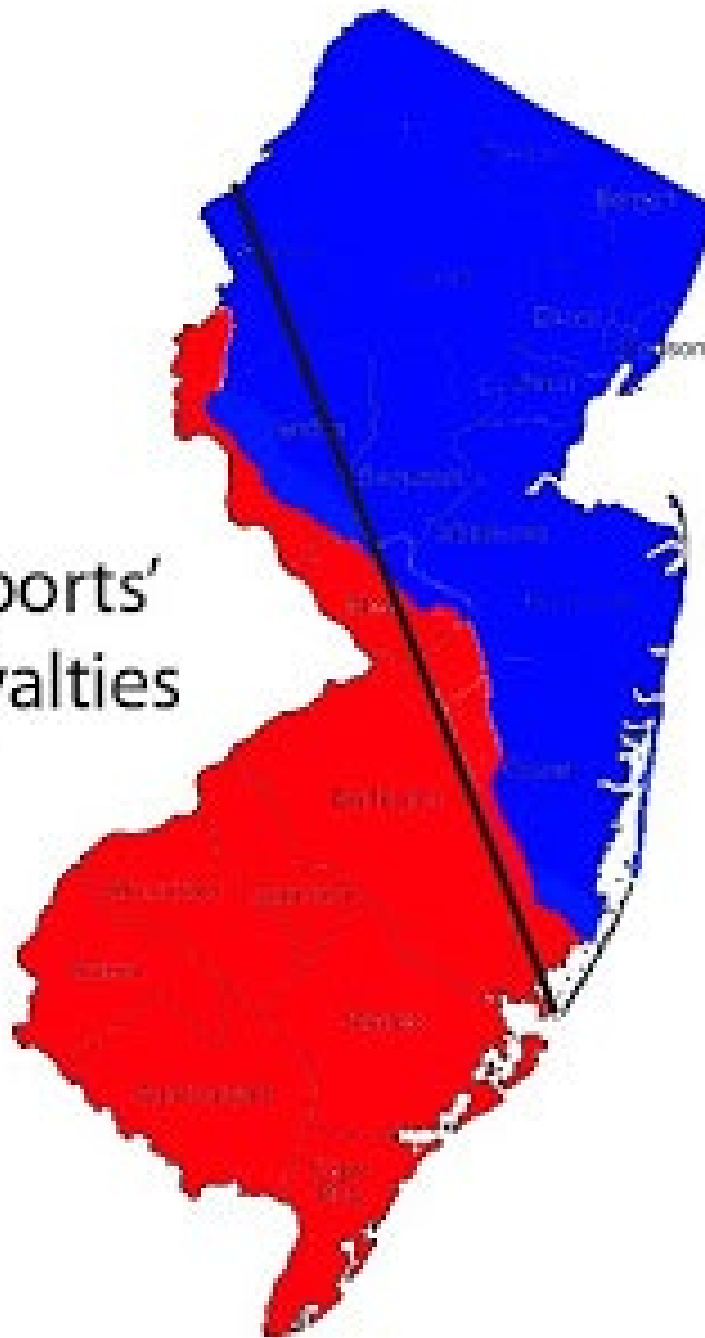
GEOLOGICAL MAP
OF
NEW JERSEY
FROM ORIGINAL SURVEYS
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, UNITED STATES
1899.

Scale: 1 inch = 10 miles
1:62,500





Sports'
loyalties





Henry Hudson





In the Year of Our Lord 1660
By permission of
PETRVS STUYVESANT
Director General and
Consul of New Netherlands
and around this square was
founded and built the Village of
BERGEN



The Concessions:
and Agreements
of the Proprietors
Freeholders and
Inhabitants of the
Province of West
New Jersey in:
America:

Chapter I

Wee doe consent and agree as
the best present expedient that v.

Colonial New Jersey

- Primarily Agricultural and Rural
- Small Industries: Mills, Ironworks, Glassworks
- Religious Diversity: Quaker, Baptist, Presbyterian, Dutch Reformed, Moravians
- Ethnic Diversity: Dutch, English, Scottish, Swedish, German
- Distinct Regional Cultures
- Enslaved People Present from Colony's Inception



Timeline

- 1620s Fort Nassau on the Delaware
- 1640s Pavonia/Jersey City
- 1664 Concessions and Agreement, offered additional land to settlers who brought enslaved people with them (60 acres per person)
- Most enslaved people came from the West Indies, and West Africa
- 1704 “Slave Code” Prohibited owning property by enslaved or free African Americans.

Settlement Schemes Encouraged Slavery

- Enslaved people were indispensable for constructing houses and clearing the land
- Enslaved people played a key role in the region's economy
- African Americans and Native Americans were Enslaved

Key Lcales

- Enslaved people were sold in Perth Amboy and Camden



"TO BE SOLD,

On board the Schooner 'Hannah,' lying in the River Delaware, very near Mr. Daniel Cooper's Ferry, West Jersey, opposite the City of Philadelphia, A Cargo of likely Negroes, just imported in said Schooner, directly from the Coast of Guinea."

(From The Pennsylvania Journal, May 27, 1762)

"Just imported from the River Gambia, in the Schooner 'Sally' Barnard Badger, Master, and to be sold at the Upper-Ferry (called Benjamin Cooper's Ferry), opposite to this City, a Parcel of likely Men and Women Slaves, with some Boys and Girls of different Ages."

(From The Pennsylvania Gazette, August 19, 1762)

Popaw

Notice is hereby given that there is come to the house of John Leonards at South River Bridge, near Amboy...a Negro man, who was forced to said house for want of sustenance. He is a middle-sized man, talks no English or feigns that he cannot. He calls himself Popaw. His teeth seem to be filed or whet sharp. He will not tell his master's name. Whoever owns the said Negro may have him from the said Leonard on coming or sending for, paying according to reward (if any be)...and also reasonably for his diet till fetched.

Tinton Falls

- Lewis Morris' had approximately 70 slaves on his Tinton Falls plantation
- He also employed free whites, indentured whites, and Indians

Tinton Falls Ironworks





BURIAL GROUND

This area was a burial ground for enslaved African-Americans who worked at Lewis Morris's Ironworks in the 1670's. The Tinton Manor Ironworks was the first in New Jersey, relying on water power from the falls, local supplies of bog iron, and the labor of slaves buried here.

Although no grave markers remain, the site is a reminder of our community's early history and must not be forgotten.

Slave Conspiracies

- 1695, Passage Point, Jeremy and Agbee
- 1734, Somerville
- 1741, Hackensack
- 1772, Perth Amboy
- 1779, Elizabethtown

Characteristics of Slavery

- Slaves were treated as property
- Exceedingly harsh laws governed behavior
- They could be sold from their families
- They could be willed
- They could not be citizens
- They could not buy alcohol
- They could not travel more than five miles from home

Holidays and Religion

- Dutch Reformed Church was conflicted over slave holding
- Anglicans attempted to convert slaves and Native Americans to Christianity
- Quakers advocated freeing slaves
- Traditional Afro-Caribbean religious belief systems persisted
- Pinkster was celebrated

To the Quarterly and Monthly Meetings of Friends
belonging to the Yearly Meeting which is held for
Pennsylvania and New Jersey.

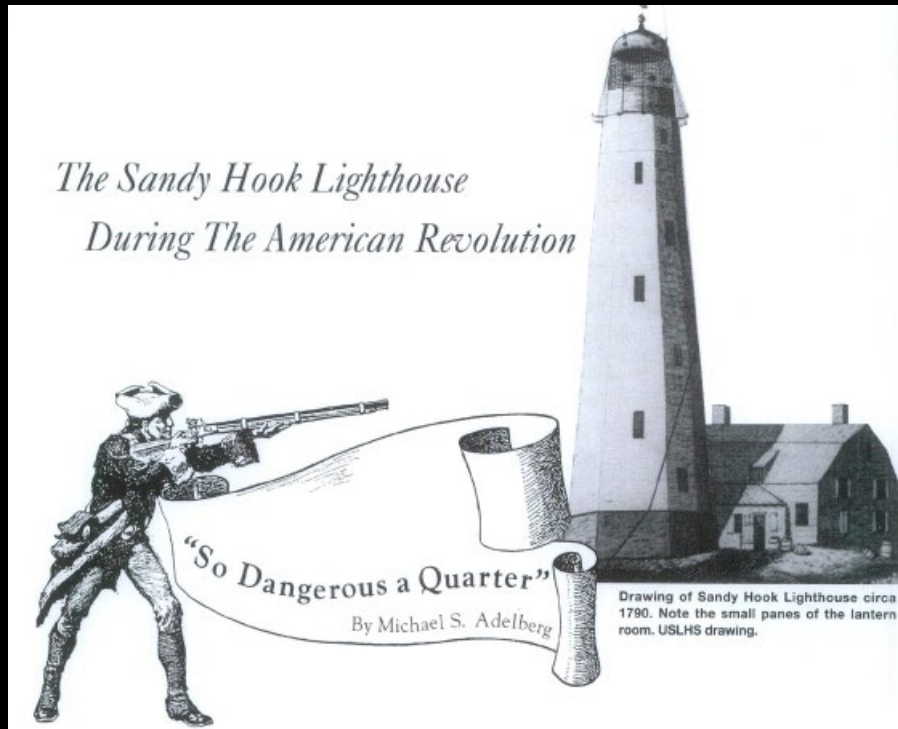
Our Friend John Woolman having wrote
some Considerations on keeping Negroes Part the
second, the same hath been inspected by the Friends
appointed to oversee the Press, and are now printed
containing fifty two Pages, and are to be sold by
David Hall at the New Printing Office near
the Jersey Market in Philadelphia at five pence
per Piece. A considerable Number of them are
lodged with our Friend James Pemberton, and with
our Friend William Wilson at his Store in Mar-
ket Street, opposite to the London Coffee House
between Front and Water Streets, and if such Friends
who are inclined to purchase, would at the Close
of a Monthly Meeting when Time permits give in
their Names to some one of their Members the
Books are ready to be delivered to the Purchasers
by our said Friends at 4/6. per Dozen
that being no more than the Cost of publishing &
binding them. Signed in Behalf of the
Overseers of the Press aforesaid By

Philad: 28. 3rd 1762

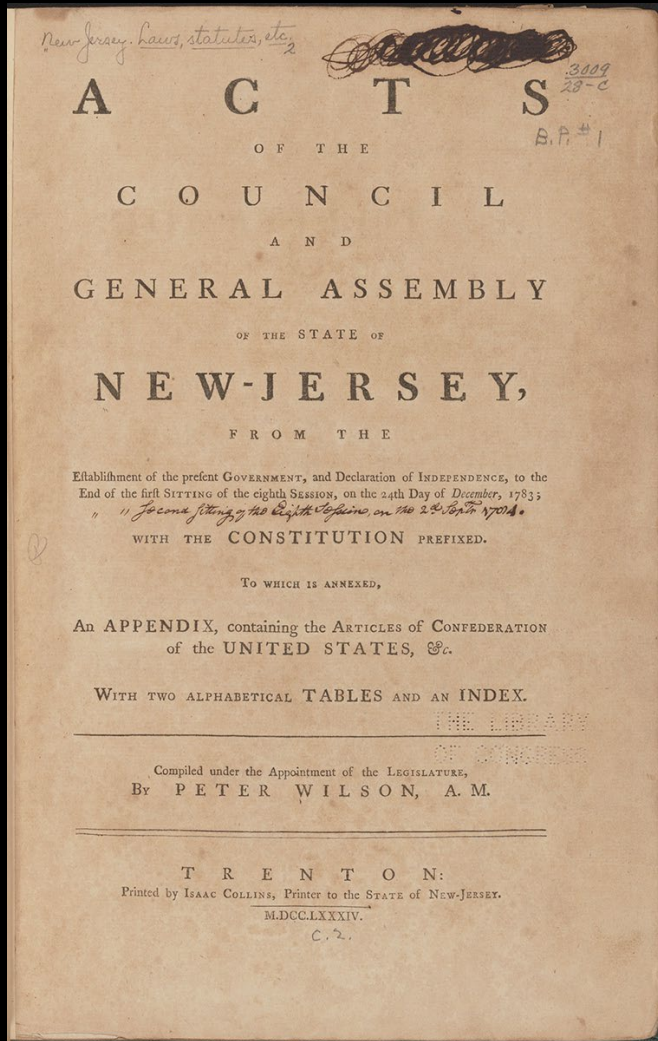
James Pemberton

The American Revolution

- Colonel Tye (Titus Corlies)



Voting



Small Farm Slavery

- By the 18th century there was a substantial African American population
- Most individuals lived on small farms of 50-400 acres
- Some individuals were highly skilled
- They often lived in the same houses as enslavers
- They resisted slavery, overtly and covertly

The Staats House, South Bound Brook



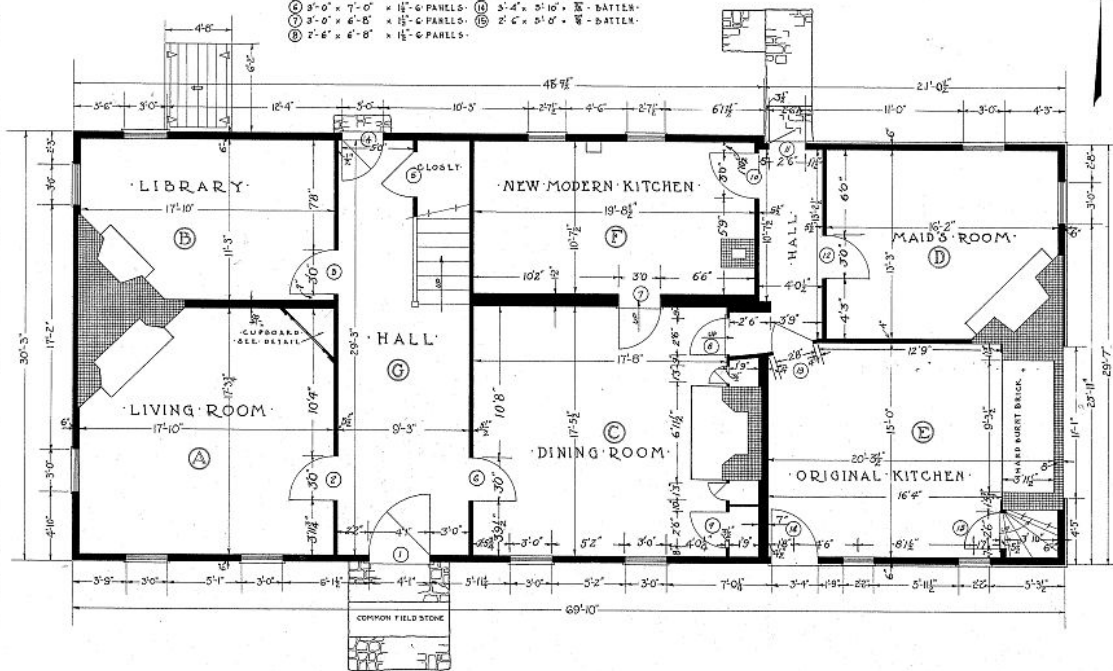
Baron Steuben's Residence in 1778, Bound Brook, N. J.

Marlpit Hall, Middletown



DOOR SCHEDULE

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| ① 4'-1" x 7'-8" x 2" DUTCH | ⑩ 2'-6" x 6'-8" x 1 1/2" 6-PANELS |
| ② 3'-0" x 7'-0" x 1 1/2" 6-PANELS | ⑪ 3'-0" x 7'-2" x 1 1/2" 6-PANELS |
| ③ 3'-0" x 7'-0" x 1 1/2" 6-PANELS | ⑫ 2'-6" x 4'-0" x 1 1/2" 6-PANELS |
| ④ 3'-0" x 5'-8" x 1 1/2" DUTCH | ⑬ 3'-0" x 4'-0" x 1 1/2" 6-PANELS |
| ⑤ 3'-0" x 4'-7 1/2" x 1 1/2" 4-PANELS | ⑭ 2'-6" x 6'-8" x 1 1/2" 6-PANELS |
| ⑥ 3'-0" x 7'-0" x 1 1/2" 6-PANELS | ⑮ 3'-4" x 5'-10" x 1 1/2" 6-PANELS |
| ⑦ 3'-0" x 6'-8" x 1 1/2" 6-PANELS | ⑯ 2'-6" x 5'-10" x 1 1/2" 6-PANELS |
| ⑧ 2'-6" x 6'-8" x 1 1/2" 6-PANELS | |



FIRST FLOOR PLAN

SCALE 1/4" = 1'-0"

HERBERT T. SMITH DEL.

SCALE
METRIC

WORKS PROGRESS ADMINISTRATION
OFFICIAL PROJECT 265-6907
CHIEF DIVISION OF UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE, BRANCH OF PLANS AND DESIGN

KINGS HIGHWAY MIDDLETOWN

NAME OF STRUCTURE
HOUSE OF EDWARD TAYLOR I

NEW JERSEY

SURVEY NO.
6-275

HISTORIC AMERICAN
BUILDINGS SURVEY
SHEET 2 OF 10 SHEETS

DATE OF SURVEY
1967

A true and perfect Inventory of all and singular the
Goods and chattels of John Saylor late of Township of
Middletown County of Monmouth Deceased made by us
whose names are hereunto subscribed, the 26 day of February
in the year of our Lord Eighteen hundred & Eighteen 1818

Wearing apparel	45	-
One Note of hand against John Holmes & Daniels	285	-
Hendrickson Principal and Interest	57	94
One Note of hand against George Stony farm & lot	27	-
Cash	102	-
Silver plates	20	-
Carpet	8	-
Looking Glass	20	-
12 Chairs	7	-
Dining Table	5	-
Tea Table	4	-
Stand	14	-
Window Blinds	2	-
Trap Andirons	10	-
Tea Trays & Waiters	1	-

Lot of Axes & Swamp hoe	5	25
Battle rings & wedges	137	-
Cross cut Saw	5	-
Lot of Baskets	2	-
Meat in the Smoke House	97	62
2 clothes Lines	1	-
300 lb of Pork	39	-
60 lb of Beef	4	25
Shads & Casks	3	25
5 Hogheads of Redstreak Cider	75	-
11 Hogheads - Cider	100	-
7 barrels do	18	-
2 Casks of Vinegar	8	-
2 Pickle tubs with the contents	1	75
2 Soap tubs with soap and fat	5	-
2 Churns	5	-
3 Tin milk Pans	1	50
17 Milk pans	4	-
3 Milk pans	1	62
Bowl & Tray	75	-
Lot of Reaters	75	-
2 benches	1	-

3. Room	12 Men Lodging	1	-
	Carpet	8	-
	Drass Andersons, Shovel & Saws	7	-
	1 Trunk and 2 Footstools	1 50	-
	1 Spy Glass	2	-
	1 Common Stand	75	-
	Crockery Ware	1 50	-
	Pads, bolsters, pillows & Bedsteads	25	-
	Cutboard	5	-
	Iron Stand	2 50	-
4. Room	Cage of Bottles	75	-
	Lot of Old Books	6	-
	1 Lot of queens ware, green edged dishes & plates	7 50	-
	1 Lot of old earthen ware	5	-
	1 Lot Stone Ware	2 12	-
	Candle Sticks, knives & forks, Snuffert Stand	13 25	-
	2 knife boxes, and soup spoon	2	-
	Tim Ware	4 75	-
	Meal Chest	3 50	-
	1 Chest	2	-
Dining	1 Small Cutboard	1	-
	pepper Mills & Brass Mortar	75	-
	Carpet	8	-
	5 Chairs	3	-
	1 Old Table	1	-
Entry			

4 Slaughter Hides, 3 calf Skins	15	-
Ephraim, Coloured man	2 50	-
Maryann do Woman	130	-
Will do Boy	160	-
Betty do Girl	25	-
William Leonard, Account	1 65	50
Joseph Taylor do	21	31
Joseph Lewis do		75
10 doz. Bottles	3	75
bird bar	1	25
1 Waggon Seat	1	25
Lot of Wood on the Landing	66	68
Cash	3	75
	844	24
Amount from page 1 -	\$670.94	
2 -	207.62	
3 -	357.18	
4 -	105.53	
5 -	105.86	
6 -	395.44	









Isabella Wallace with her son John and daughter Mary Etta posed on 12 August 1889 in the service courtyard at Orchard Home. One of ten images of Wallace family members taken. Edward Taylor photograph. Taylor Family Papers.



Mary Holmes Taylor II in her wheelchair, accompanied by daughter Mary Holmes Taylor III on the left. The chair is being pushed by John Wallace, with his wife Isabella standing behind. At the right is an unidentified servant. Photograph taken on 17 September 1892 by Edward Taylor. Taylor Family Papers.

Gradual Emancipation Act of 1804

- Any children born of enslaved parents after July 4, 1804, freed after serving an apprenticeship to their mother's owner.
- Women freed at 21
- Males freed at 25
- Individuals born before 1804 might not be freed and could remain "apprentices for life"
- 18 such apprentices in 1860
- Thirteenth Amendment in 1865 ended slavery in New Jersey.

AN ACT

For the Gradual Abolition of Slavery.

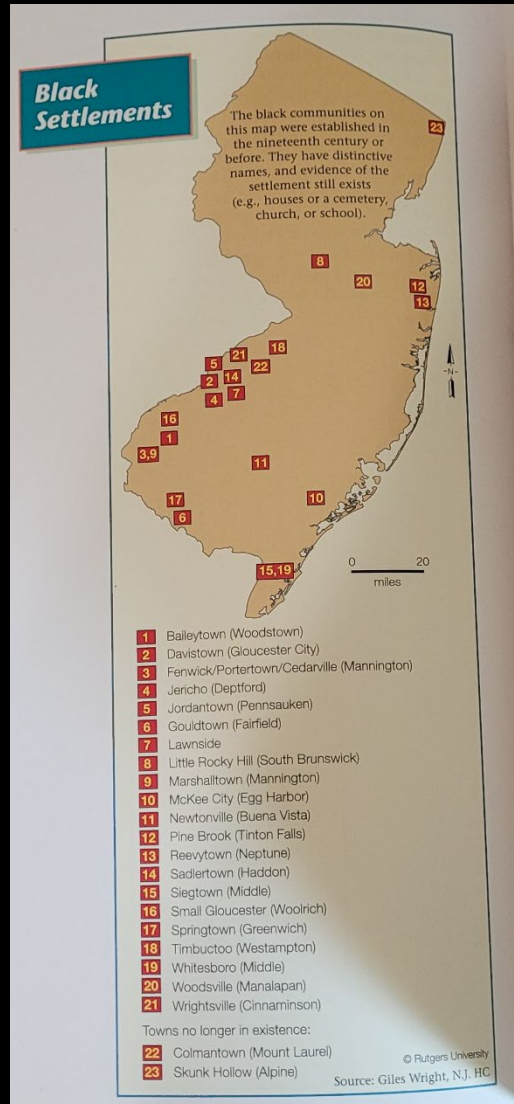
SEC. 1. **B**E it enacted by the Council and General Assembly of this State, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That every child born of a slave within this state, after the fourth day of July next, shall be free; but shall remain the servant of the owner of his or her mother, and the executors, administrators or assigns of such owner, in the same manner as if such child had been bound to service by the trustees or overseers of the poor, and shall continue in such service, if a male, until the age of twenty-five years, and if a female until the age of twenty-one years.

2. *And be it enacted,* That every person being an inhabitant of this state, who shall be entitled to the service of a child born as aforesaid, after the said fourth day of July next, shall within nine months after the birth of such child, cause to be delivered to the clerk of the county whereof such person shall be an inhabitant, a certificate in writing, containing the name and addition of such person, and the name, age, and sex of the child so born; which certificate, whether the same be delivered before or after the said nine months, shall be by the said clerk recorded in a book to be by him provided for that purpose; and such record thereof shall be good evidence of the age of such child; and the clerk of such county shall receive from said person twelve cents for every child so registered: and if any person shall neglect to deliver such certificate to the said clerk within said nine months, such person shall forfeit and pay for every such offence, five dollars, and the further sum of one dollar for every month such person shall neglect to deliver the same, to be sued for and recovered by any person who will sue for the same, the one half to the use of such prosecutor, and the residue to the use of the poor of the township in which such delinquent shall reside.

3. *And be it enacted,* That the person entitled to the service of any child born as aforesaid, may, nevertheless within one year after the birth of such child, elect to abandon such right; in which case a notification of such abandonment, under the hand of such person, shall be filed with the clerk of the township, or where there may be a county poor-house established, then with the clerk of the board of trustees of said poor-house of the county in which such person shall reside; but every child so abandoned shall be maintained by such person until such child arrives to the age of one year, and thereafter shall be considered as a pauper of such township or county, and liable to be bound out by the trustees or overseers of the poor in the same manner as other poor children are directed to be bound out, until, if a male, the age of twenty-five, and if a female, the age of twenty-one; and such child, while such pauper, until it shall be bound out, shall be maintained by the trustees or overseers of the poor of such county or township, as the case may be, at the expence of this state; and for that purpose the director of the board of chosen freeholders of the county is hereby required, from time to time, to draw his warrant on the treasurer in favor of such trustees or overseers for the amount of such expence, not exceeding the rate of three dollars per month; provided the accounts for the same be first certified and approved by such board of trustees, or the town committee of such township; and every person who shall omit to notify such abandonment as aforesaid, shall be considered as having elected to retain the service of such child, and be liable for its maintenance until the period to which its servitude is limited as aforesaid.

A. Passed at Trenton, Feb. 15, 1804.

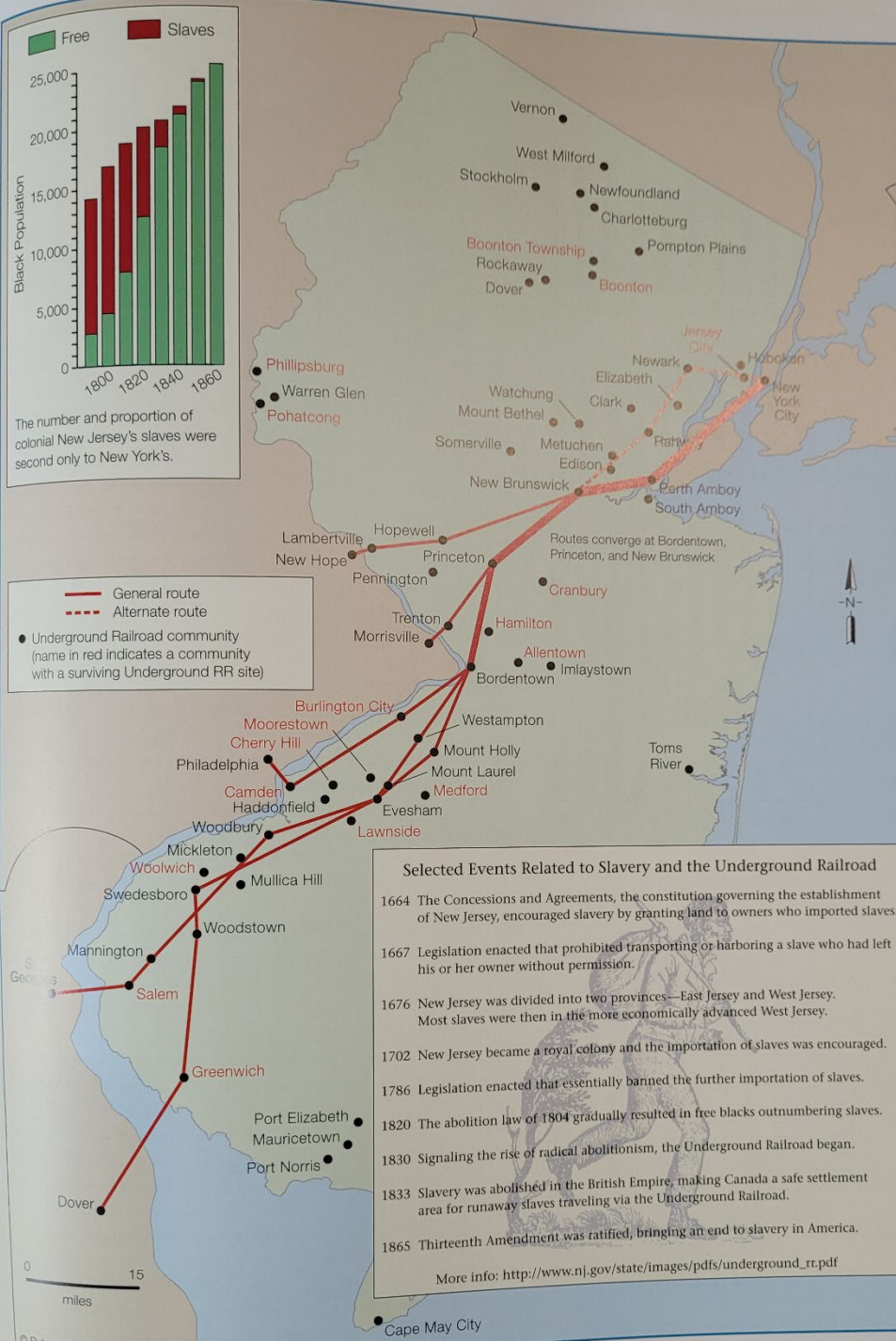
Building Communities



Peter Mott House, Lawnside

Timbuctoo





"God's time is always near. He set the North Star
in the heavens; He gave me the strength in my
limbs; He meant I should be free."
- Harriet Tubman



THE JOURNEY TO FREEDOM



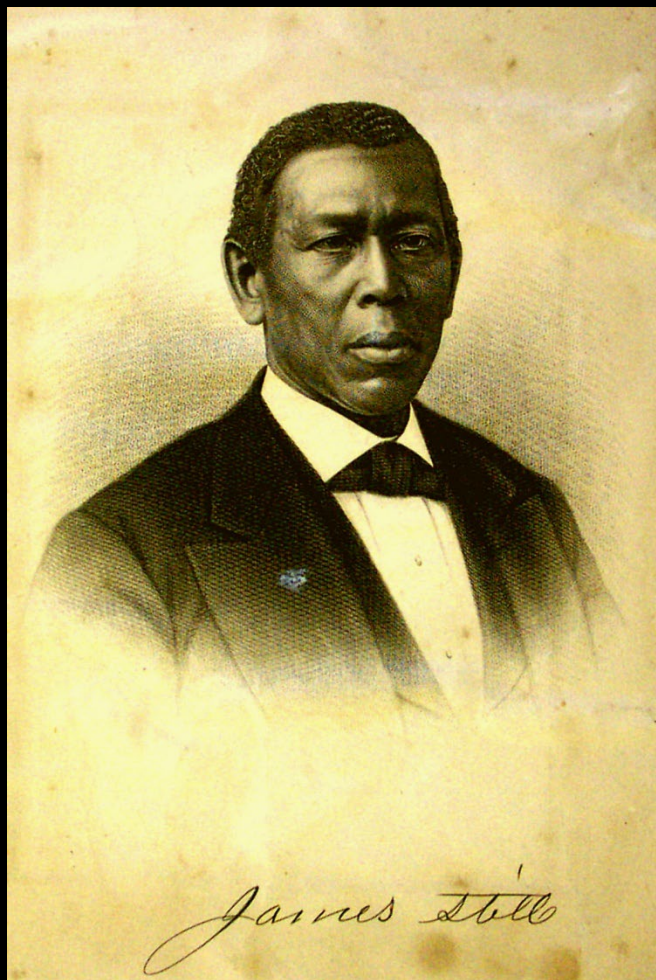
from Ball's, Cape May
and the
Underground Railroad



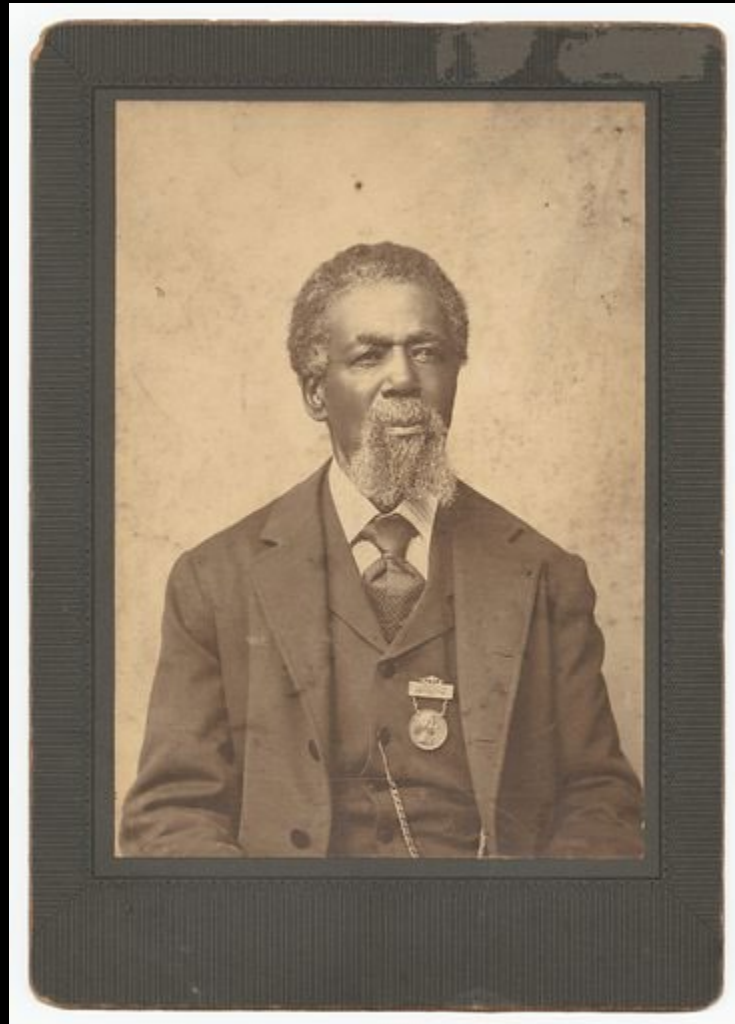
Harriet Tubman
was born in 1825 in
Maryland. She was
one of the most famous
abolitionists in the
United States. She
helped many people
escape from slavery
and was known as the
Moses of her people.



Dr. James Still



Thomas Mundy Peterson





PRESENTED BY CITIZENS
OF PERTH ANDERSON, N.J.
TO
THOMAS PETERSON
THE FIRST COLORED VOTER
IN THE U.S. UNDER THE
PROVISIONS OF THE
15TH AMENDMENT
AT AN
ELECTION HELD IN
PERTH CITY.
MARCH 31ST 1870

To Learn More

- NJ Digital Highway:
<https://njdigitalhighway.org/>

